DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A champion brave, alert and strong....To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

Vol. II.] Camp Douglas, U. T., Thursday Morning, September 22, 1864. [No. 69.

Daily Union Vedette,

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, EXCEPT SUNDAYS

—AT—

CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TERRITORY,

—BY—

OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN,

—OF THE—

California & Nevada Territory Volunteers

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One copy one month, (invariably in advance)	$1 00
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One copy six months,	5 00

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☞ Marriages, Births, and Deaths are published in this paper free of charge.

Job Work,

SUCH AS

MINING CERTIFICATES,

PROGRAMMES, BALL INVITATIONS, BILL HEADS,

Cards, Circulars, Blank Forms

etc., - - - etc., - - - etc.,

IN GOOD STYLE AND ON REASONABLE TERMS.

☞ All Orders addressed "To the Publishers of the Daily Vedette, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory," will meet with prompt attention.

☞ All Communications must be addressed to the "Editor of the Daily Union Vedette, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory."

☞ Hiram S. Tuttle is our Carrier, and authorized Agent for the transaction of business in Salt Lake City. Orders left for him at the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse Main Street, will be promptly attended to.

L. P. FISHER,

NO. 629 Washington Street, is the only Agent for the Daily Union Vedette, in the city of San Francisco. All orders for advertising, left with him will be promptly attended to.

Notice.

Having been appointed by His Excellency, the Governor of California, a Commissioner of Deeds for the State of California, I am prepared to enter upon the duties thereof, at my office, in Main street, Great Salt Lake City, opposite Wm. Jennings' store.

Deeds, Transfers, Powers of Attorney, and all other legal papers made out on the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms.

Acknowledgements taken for any part of the United States. apr9-tf PATRICK LYNCH.

JAMES LINFORTH,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

208 BATTERY STREET,

San Francisco, Cal.

Sight Drafts on Salt Lake City, Utah Territory.
" " " Austin, Nevada Territory.

Particular attention given to purchases for Utah. jy2tf

TELEGRAPH COAL BED.

$4 per ton.

PARTIES can be supplied with Coal at this mine at the above rate.

Orders left at the Telegraph Office or at the Mine will be promptly attended to.

GEO. W. CARLETON,

Great Salt Lake City, April 8th, 1864. apr6tf

C. CLIVE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Main St, opposite Town Clock, G. S. L. City,

CLOTHING of all kinds made and repaired in the highest style of art.

Particular attention paid to the manufacture of Officers' Military Uniforms my7tf

CARPENTERS WANTED!

THE best wages will be given for good House Carpenters. Apply to

sept1-p1m CHARLES KING, 8th Ward.

S. J. LEES'

PROVISION STORE,

on Main Street,

Great Salt Lake City, U. T.

Miners' and Traders' Outfitting Establishment. jy29-tf

IDAHO HOUSE,

CORNER OF WALLACE & JACKSON STREETS,

Virginia City, Montana Ter'y.

THE undersigned has opened the above Hotel, and is now ready to accommodate all who may give him a call. Prices to suit the times.

J. M. CASTNER,

aug24-tf Proprietor.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Banking firm of Powers, Newman & Co., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. Their business will be settled up by their successors, Scott, Kerr & Co., at their old place of business.

POWERS, NEWMAN & CO.

S. L. City, Sept. 1st, 1864.

SCOTT, KERR & CO.,

BANKERS,

(Successors of Powers, Newman & Co.,)

EAST TEMPLE STREET,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY,

(Godbe's old Drug Store,)

Receive Moneys on Deposit,
Buy Coin,
Gold Dust,
and Exchange.

Pay interest on Time Deposits, by special agreement, and transact a General Banking Business.

CORRESPONDENT:

METROPOLITAN BANK, N. Y. CITY.
DREXEL & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.
SCOTT, KERR & CO., Leavenworth, Kansas. sept2-tf

Ben. Holladay, New York. } { W. L. Halsey, G. S. L. City.

HOLLADAY & HALSEY,

BANKERS.

At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will pay the highest rates for

GOLD DUST AND COIN.

Dust bought for Coin or Currency.
Cash paid for Government Vouchers.
Drafts payable in Coin or Currency sold on
New York,
San Francisco, Cal.,
Virginia City, Idaho,
Denver City, Colorado,
Atchinson, Kansas,
Portland, Oregon and
Victoria, British Columbia.

Postage Currency and Revenue Stamps for sale. my21f

Austin M. Clark, Jno. W. Kerr, Milton E. Clark.

Clark & Co.,

BANKERS,

Great Salt Lake City,

DEALERS IN

COIN,
GOLD DUST
and EXCHANGE.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond with Metropolitan Bank, New York; Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co., Denver.

Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce, New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia. jy1tf

Notice.

Jordan Silver Mining Company, West Mountain Mining District, Utah Ter'y.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in accordance with the laws of California (under which the Company is incorporated) and the By-Laws of the Company, there will be sold at public auction, on Wednesday, the 5th day of October, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the Secretary's Office (Telegraph Office) Great Salt Lake City, so many shares of the capital stock of the Company, standing in the names of the following persons, as will be necessary to pay all assessments due thereon, together with costs of advertising and sale:

	No. of Certificates.	No. of Shares.	No. of Ass't's.	Amount.
Daniel McLean,	272	20	2,3,4,5,6	$210 00
N. B. Eldred,	273	20	2,3,4,5,6	210 00
L. Washburn,	234	5	4,5,6	37 50
R. H. Willard,	263	1	4,5,6	7 50
unknown,	222—230	7	6	17 50

By order of the Board of Trustees.

GEO. W. CARLETON,

sep8-1m Secretary.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

Till further notice, the

OVERLAND MAIL COACH

Will leave this City for

VIRGINIA CITY, NEVADA TERR'Y,

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday Morning, at 8 o'clock, returning from the West the following days.

H. S. RUMFIELD, Agent.

Salt Lake City, Aug. 29, 1864. sept1-tf

JUST OPENED!

A New Assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Consisting chiefly of

Coats, Pants, Vests, Hats, Shirts, Collars, Cravats,

Boots and Shoes.

Also have on hand everything in the

DRY GOODS AND GROCERY LINE.

sept7-1m WALKER BROS.

HO! FOR THE MINES!!

—THE—

RUSH VALLEY EXPRESS COMPANY

Having Established a

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE OF STAGES,

The public can now have an opportunity to visit the Silver Mines of

Rush Valley.

Stages leave the Mansion House, Salt Lake City, on

Tuesday and Friday mornings,

at 7 o'clock; returning

Mondays and Thursdays.

GOOD ACCOMMODATIONS.

Time—Eight Hours.

Fare: $5.00 each way.

Packages carried, and other business attended to with promptness and care.

SHAW BRO. & CO.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 8, '64. sep13-tf

UNION LINE,

—FOR—

Colorado River,

Connecting with Steamer

ESMERALDA and BARGES,

Delivering Freight at all the principal places on the River.

No detention of Freight at the mouth of the River.

Landing Freight and Passengers

—AT—

La Paz, Lower California,

The well-known and fast sailing schooner

W. L. RICHARDSON,

GEORGE GOODRUM, Master,

With Through Bills of Lading,

Having a large portion of her cargo engaged and going on board, will meet with dispatch, and take Freight and Passengers for the above points.

☞ Superior Accommodations for Passengers. Such an opportunity is seldom offered for parties seeking passage.

☞ For Freight or Passage, apply to the Captain on Board, Commercial Street Wharf, or to

WM. R. WADSWORTH & SON,

sep15-tf 402 Front Street, San Francisco.

NOTICE.—Blank Mining Deeds for sale at this Office.

"Gold Quotations."—The question is almost daily asked of us, says an Eastern exchange, "Why don't you give us the quotation of gold?" One of the principal reasons may be found in the fact that the quotations are so far from reliable that the agents for the transmission of intelligence over the telegraph wires, knowing the fictitious value placed upon gold in New York for the purpose of depreciating, by these same "quotations," the currency of the country at remote points, will not transmit over the wires what they know to be false. To illustrate: The cashier of a bank in Hartford, Conn., recently went to New York to sell a quantity of gold for the the benefit of sundry interested parties. The honest gold brokers of Gotham, says the Hartford *Post*, were quoting gold at 235, and had it so bulletined in their office windows; but when the Hartford cashier planked down his little pile and told them they could have it, none of them would give over 210. Thus they were virtually stealing from the people one-twentieth of their entire possession in currency, by falsely depreciating greenbacks 5 per cent. Quotations they gave was for the purpose of buying greenbacks, not gold. These speculators are for the most part Peace Democrats; and if by this little game they impair the credit of the country they just so far help the rebellion. They *are* doing it continually; and will the poor man desert his country, and rob himself, to place the Government under their control?

A Sad Story.—A correspondent of the Mobile *Register*, writing at Atlanta, Georgia, relates the following:

"Not many months ago there arrived at a Confederate port, upon one of the most notable of our blockade runners, a very unassuming woman—scarce such, for she was hardly out of her teens—of an extremely handsome person. She had come to Nassau from Paris, and sailed thence for the South. She brought with her an abundant wardrobe, and sufficiency of means to last her two or three years at the present high rates of living. Her object in visiting this country was to discover the fate of an only brother, a Colonel in our service, who had placed her at Geneva at school when the war began.

She had not heard from him during six months, became anxious, and finally set out on her long and perilous journey. Her anxiety proved too well founded. Her brother had been killed at Gettysburg, and she found herself alone and a stranger in her native land. She went first to Augusta, then to Mobile; here she lost a trunk containing all her gold. At this critical juncture of affairs she met a very handsome field officer—fell in love—engaged first in a flirtation, then in an amour—and accompanied him as far as Atlanta on his way to the front. He fell at Chickamauga. What her life became you can guess. She died last week, and was tumbled into the ground in the public cemetery. There is a story for you—weep over it."

☞ Dr. Franklin said "a good kick out of doors is better than all the rich uncles in the world."

☞ Ohio makes eight million two hundred and eighty thousand pounds of sugar per annum from sorghum.

DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 22, 1864.

More Indian Troubles Eastward.

We regret to learn that further Indian troubles are transpiring eastward. The telegraph yesterday morning, announced briefly that depredations had been renewed in the neighborhood of Kearney. In response to inquiries by telegraph, made by Mr. H. S. Rumfield, agent of the Western line, (to whom we are indebted for the information,) the following facts were gleaned:

On Sunday evening last, a wagon sent out by the Mail Company from Plum Creek station, was attacked by the Indians, and five of the men slain. Their names were John Elliot, John Smith, James King, and two others known as "Pat" and "Jerry," all employees of the Overland Mail Company. The bodies of two of the men have not yet been recovered. The dispatch from Plum Creek, gives no intimation of the number of savages engaged in the massacre.

Plum Creek is the third station west of Kearney, and distant about sixty miles. This new outbreak is disheartening just as we were congratulating ourselves on the disappearance of the red skins from the road and the resumption of the Eastern service.

JARNDYCE VERSUS JARNDYCE.—Yesterday C. M. White, who has recently attained considerable notoriety, if not fame, from his alleged connection with the abduction case heretofore reported, and who was arrested under the indictment presented by the Grand Jury now in session, was again brought before Chief Justice Titus on a writ of *habeas corpus*. After lengthy arguments *pro* and *con*, the venerable Chief Justice delivered a most impressive decision, commenting severely on the motives of the parties engaged in this alleged persecution, and wound up by discharging the prisoner from custody.

We regret that, for want of space, we are unable to-day to give even an epitome of Judge Titus' remarks. They had the ring of true metal and sounded well in these parts.

We hear it intimated that the Probate Judge will issue another warrant for the arrest of White, and if so, there is likely to be a conflict between the United States and Territorial Judiciary, which would be greatly regretted. Such collisions are always bad, and in this case can only occur from injudicious action. This matter, we opine, has gone far enough, and the ultimate result of any further proceedings must be apparent to the most obtuse understanding.

RE-OPENING OF THE CAMP DOUGLAS THEATER.—The denizens of our Camp will be pleased to learn that the Douglas Theater, under the management of gentlemen thoroughly competent to "run the machine," is to be re-opened this evening. We notice on the bills the names of quite a number of gentlemen formerly belonging to the Fort Bridger Minstrels. We have seen *them* perform, and can assure those unacquainted with them, that they are hard to beat. Of the others—the majority of whom are well known to the public here—we need say nothing; they will not fail to give satisfaction. Let them have a full house.

PLENTY OF LABOR.—We wish to state that those hale and able bodied men, who, under the name of emigrants, tell pitiable tales here in the city, and besiege the neighboring Post for supplies of provisions, are, in the vast majority of instances, (if not in all cases,) simply and plainly, lazy or knavish impostors. Work is plenty, and wages good—if not in the city, at least in Rush Valley, where all manner of improvements is going on, and the demand for labor is consequently very rife.

BULLION.—The Reese River *Reveille*, says, that unless the Overland stage resumes its daily trips, it will be impossible to ship all the bullion taken out there. Three large sacks had to lay over on the 10th for want of room on the stage.

ERRATUM.—In yesterday's leading editorial the types made us refer to a correspondent of the *S. F. Flag* from "Rush Valley." It should have been "Ruby Valley."

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

Halifax, Sept. 19th.

The steamship *Sidon* from Liverpool 6th, Queenstown 7th, has arrived. The prospect of an armistice in America was unanimously debated in England.

The *Times* continues to represent that the feeling of the North is in favor of an armistice. This rapidly increasing idea was strongly combatted by many who refuse to believe in an armistice, because it would at once necessitate the raising of the blockade.

The *Times* in its city article on the 6th, under a feeling of panic which the peace prospects had created, seems to wish to modify the financial apprehension it had raised, by arguing that it is premature to regard a peace as certain, owing to the North maintaining the restoration of the Union as its one absolute consideration. It however, labors to show that if ports south were absolutely thrown open by an armistice and the floods of cotton which seriously aggravate the existing pressure for money, counteracting influences at work, would prevent the drain of money which is feared.

The *Times* attributes the indecisive character of the war to the want of breech loaders and earthworks. A quarter of an hour of such fire as good troops, well armed, can now maintain is enough to stretch the whole of the divisions on the ground now in Virginia and Georgia. Both armies being entrenched alike, the result is that the main body of each army holds a secure position, exposing bodies to fight each other, as it were, by sorties.

Frankfort advices show a renewed activity in U. S. bonds and an impovement in prices.

Farther Point, Sept. 19th.

The *Hibernia*, from Liverpool the 8th., and London the 9th.; it is rumored that Austria is about to recognise the Kingdom of Italy.

The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* says: a general opinion prevailed that the Emperor's health was in a very unsatisfactory state.

Intelligence received at Lloyd's, London, state that three more Confederate cruisers had evaded the Federal war steamers, which were successfully run out of the harbor of Wilmington. They have since destroyed no less than three Federal Merchantmen.

Boston, 19th.

The schooner, *Mary B. Smith*, which arrived at Beverly on Saturday, report speaking on the 7th. of Sept., in latitude 44 40 deg., longitude 76-50 deg. the fishing schooner, *W. H. Levitt*, from Marblehead, who reported that 20 miles to the East ward she saw four or five vessels on fire, and that there was a pirate on the Banks.

New York, 19th.

There was a fire this morning at 3 and a half o'clock in Wood & Bro's carriage depository, 590 Broadway. The building was also occupied by Bangs, Merwin & Co., book auctioneers. The building and stock of Bangs, Merriman & Co. are a total loss. Wood & Bro's stock of Carriages were saved. Loss, $250,000.

New York, Sept. 20th.

The *Herald's* Harpers Ferry special of the 19th, says: As was expected, the visit of the Lieutenant-General here was to put in motion some important move of the army.

On Friday morning the enemy disappeared entirely from the left wing of our army on the Berryville and Manchester pike. They only made a feint show on our right. This gives the surmise that they have taken up the line of retreat to Strasburg, or massed on their left and our right, for a concentrated movement against us. Sheridan at once took measures to ascertain the fact, and from information obtained, soon came to the conclusion that the attempted clever movement of Early, was only a feint to get troops on our left to the west side of Opequan Creek. The trap was discovered, and the rebel General thwarted in his designs. Affairs yesterday morning at Martinsburg between the rebels consisting of artillery and infantry and our troops under Averill, showed the rebels to be stoutly guarding the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, with the view of preventing its repair from here to Cumberland. Shortly after day light this morning, the enemy were discovered in force on the west bank of the Opequan, when a sharp skirmish and brisk cannonade took place between the armies. Crook, with his veterans of the Western Virginia army, occupied the right of our line, the 9th corps the center and the 6th corps the right. A great battle for the possession of the valley of the Shenandoah, has either commenced or cannot be long delayed. It is said that the rebels have large reserves concealed in the valley between the North Mountains and Third Hill Mountain, with their head-quarters at Chambersburg. Reports from rebel deserters from Chambersburg and others, in regard to the strength of this force, are so conflicting that it is difficult to settle down upon any number as accurate, but the fact that the enemy is offering Sheridan battle, shows that they have a good army and hope to meet with success.

The *Tribune's* special of the 19th, says: No news of an important movement of Sheridan's army has reached here to-night. Up to the time your messenger left, no decisive result had been obtained; but severe cannonading and skirmishing had been going on up to the dispatch time of the train. It was thought a general battle for the possession of the valley had commenced, or was certain to transpire very soon.

New York, September 20th.

News from New Orleans by the Continental to the 12th is received. The reports from Cortinas' operations are fully confirmed. It appears there was a full understanding between the rebels and French jointly to attack and capture Matamoras, which was frustrated by Cortinas, who put himself between the two forces and whipped both. He then captured Brownsville and turned it over to our authorities, hoisting the American Flag.

The "Herald's" Mobile correspondent says: The expedition sent out by Gen. Bailey succeeded in destroying the largest salt works in the rebel lines, at Bayou Bay. A large quantity of rosin and turpentine were destroyed by the rebels to prevent it from falling into our hands. An immense amount of cotton and turpentine has been sent to Selma, in the expectation that Mobile might be surrendered. The rebel General Page has been brought to Fort Morgan, where he will be tried on a charge of destroying munitions of war in that Fort after its surrender. The offence is punishable with death. A large quantity of secret ordinance stores has been discovered by our expeditionary parties. Rebel dispatches, dated Mobile 14th, say: There is nothing new to report. Seven Yankee vessels lie quietly below the obstructions. The rebels made a raid into Labadieville on the 8th and burnt the village and murdered Mr. Gerrien, one of the best Union men in that district. It is said that Dick Taylor has relieved Maury in command at Mobile Bay and the rebel defences.

The "Herald's" New Orleans correspondent says it is reported that Forrest and Dick Taylor have joined forces, and number 20 000 men. Gen. Gholson's command is also said to have joined them. Great secrecy is maintained concerning their movements, but a secessionist here said if Farragut took Mobile, forces would have to be sent from here to hold it. Then they would move on either to New Orleans or Mobile. The expedition by gunboats sent through the Lakes when near Grand Lake, captured several boat loads of soldiers and horses, and some few stores. Some of the soldiers were perfectly naked.

Fort Kearney, Sept 20th.

Y. K. Otis, Superintendent of the Overland route, left here this morning to re-open the road. A special mail agent leaves to morrow to see to the mails.

The expedition sent against the Indians a few weeks ago has returned to Cottonwood unsuccessful.

New York, September 20th.

The Tribune's special says that General Butler has effected an arrangement for the exchange of the sick and wounded of both armies.

Washington, September 20th.

The War Department furnishes the following official dispatches for publication:

Harper's Ferry, Sept. 19

Our cavalry, under Averill and Merritt, engaged Breckinridge's corps at daylight this morning, and up to 1 o'clock had driven him beyond Stevenson's depot, a distance of seven miles, killing and wounding quite a number, and capturing 200 prisoners from Gordon's division. On the centre and left the enemy were driven about three miles beyond and into their line of earth works our infantry attacking them in their position since then. As an officer left he could distinctly hear heavy artillery firing, and it is still continuing to this hour. Every indication is most favorable to us.

Signed: Jno. D. Stevenson, Brig. Gen.

Later—Sept. 20th—Just heard from the front that Sheridan has defeated the enemy capturing 2 500 prisoners, five pieces of artillery and five battle flags. Our loss is about 2 000. The enemy escaped up the Valley under cover of night. Sheridan is in Winchester.

Signed: J. D. Stevenson.

Sheridan transmits to Gen. Grant the following official report which has just been received by the Department:

Winchester, Va., Sept. 1.30. p. m.

I have the honor to report that I attacked the forces of Early over the Berryville pike, at the crossing of the Opequan creek, and after a most stubborn and sanguinary engagement, which lasted from 5 o'clock in the morning until evening, completely defeated him driving him through Winchester and capturing 3,000 prisoners, five pieces of artillery and nine army flags. The rebel Gens. Rhodes and Gordon were killed; three other general officers were wounded. Most of the enemy's wounded and all of their dead fell into our hands. Our losses are severe; among them Gen. D. A. Russel, commanding a division of the 6th corps, was killed by a cannon ball. Gens. Upton, McIntosh and Chapman were wounded. I cannot tell our losses. The conduct of the officers and men was most superb. they charged and carried every position taken up by the rebels from Opequan creek to Winchester. The rebels were strong in numbers and very obstinate in their fighting. I desire to mention to the Lieut. General commanding the gallant conduct of Gens. Wright, Crook, Emery and Torbert and the officers and men under their command. To them the country is indebted for this handsome victory. A more detailed account will be forwarded.

Signed: P. H. SHERIDAN,
Maj. Gen. Commanding.

Sandusky, Sept 20th.

On information received from Government authorities, Captain Carter, commander of the U. S. steamer *Michigan*, arrested a man named Cole, an officer in the Confederate army and the leader of a conspiracy to seize the steamer *Michigan* and release the prisoners on Johnson's Island. After the arrest Cole made a confession implicating six prominent citizens of Sandusky, who were also arrested and taken to Johnson's Island. Cole's programme was as follows:

The Confederates were to come here either by rail or water and seize the steamer.

The following statement is from the clerk and passengers of the steamer *Philo Parsons*, plying between Detroit and Sandusky:

About 5 o'clock last evening when within about ten miles of Sandusky the steamer *Parsons* was seized by thirty-five Confederates armed with navy revolvers and hatchets, who took passage as citizens at Detroit, Malden, C. W., and Kelley's Island. After confining the remainder of the passengers in the hold, they ran her below here some ten miles, then came about and ran to the middle of Bass Island to wood, she had been lying there about an hour when the steamer *Island Queen* from Sandusky, bound for the islands, overtook the *Parsons* and suspecting nothing wrong, came to alongside of her to land passengers across her deck, she no sooner made fast than she was also seized, the men thrust into the hold of the *Parsons* and the ladies passed up stairs. After wooding, she landed the ladies under a guard, saying to the men they would soon know their doom. They finally concluded to land the men also, swearing them to secrecy for twenty-four hour hours, and retaining the officers and crews of both steamers to run them. The *Island Queen* was afterwards scuttled and sunk and the *Parsons* was taken to Sandwich, C. W., and abandoned. She is reported sunk. The steamer *Michigan* left on a cruise at daylight. The rebels probably expected signals and not receiving them put back.

Detroit, 20th.

The Rebels returned to the Detroit river early this morning, having been foiled in their design. Which is supposed to have been the capture of the U. S. steamer Michigan and the release of the prisoners on Johnson's Island. The crew of the steamer *Parsons* were put ashore on Fighting Island this morning after being robbed of everything valuable. The furniture of the boat was destroyed and the feed-pipe cut, leaving her in a sinking condition. The vessel was seized by the Canadian authorities. Two of the Rebel crew were arrested and are now in jail at Sandwich.

New York, Sept. 20th.

The *Commercial's* special, says: The officers who left Grant's army yesterday, report all quiet.

The *Post's* special, says: The Commissioners appointed by the Union prisoners in Georgia, to urge an exchange of prisoners, will soon meet.

Washington, Sept. 20th.

The Alexandria (Va.) *Journal*, says: We learn through sources that cannot be discredited, that Mosby received a severe wound in the groin during the engagement between our forces and a small portion of his guerrilla band, in the vicinity of Centreville.

New York, Sept. 20th.

The *Commercial's* special, says: The draft in the First Ward in this city, is completed. All quiet to-day. Nicolay and Hay, the President's private Secretaries, and Alderman Rapley, were drafted.

Considerable excitement exists in Government circles regarding the two rebel steamers which have appeared on Lake Erie. Sometime ago, Halleck ordered that the gunboat *Michigan* should be stationed at Johnsons Island to prevent the threatened liberation of the rebel prisoners. By a special Treaty with Great Britain, the United States is prohibited from having more than one war vessel armed with one gun upon Lake Erie. England protested against the *Michigan's* armament, which was 18 guns. As the *Michigan* is confined to the surveilance of Johnsons Island, it is feared the rebel steamers will ravage our commerce, and perhaps, lay Buffalo under contribution.

Fortress Monroe, Sept. 19th.

The schooner *Jane F Durfee*, was captured Saturday evening, while at anchor in the Warwick river (near the James river,) by a party of five rebels belonging to the Confederate States Navy. It was a complete surprise. The first the Captain knew of it, a rebel entered his cabin with a pistol directed at his head and demanded the surrender of the schooner, and informing him that his crew was overpowered. The schooner was released by Captain Davis giving a bond for $7,313. The supercargo, Wilber F. Stocking, was held as hostage for the payment of the money. The rebels robbed the schooner, taking $2,700 from the Captain, the clothing from the crew, the small boat, colors, papers, nautical instruments, etc. Bidding the Captain a polite adieu, they left at 10 o'clock, p. m. The Capt. of the *Durfee* arrived here with the schooner this morning.

The flag-of-truce steamers *New York* and *Dictator*, with 1,000 rebel prisoners for exchange, arrived last night, and left this morning for Aiken's landing.

Grant arrived this morning from Baltimore, and proceeded up the river in the steamer *New York*.

Washington, 20th.

A national salute was fired to-day in honor of Sheridan's victory.

Information from City Point reports that the rebels continue to throw an occasional shell at working parties on the new rail-road with little or no effect.

Gentlemen that have arrived from Hagerstown, Pa., state that the rebels under McCausland and Johnson advanced from Bunker Hill and attacked Averill at Martensburg. The latter, after a spirited resistance fell back to Hainesville, a short distance from Falling Waters, on the Va. side of the river, where he took up his position. During Sunday night Averill received reinforcements, and yesterday advanced against the rebels—drove them back to Bunker Hill, and re-occupied Martinsburg.

On Sunday a body of dismounted cavalry were dispatched from camp at Hagerstown to

Williamsport, where they were at latest accounts guarding the fords of the river.

Newark N. J., 20th.

An immense ovation to McClellan to-night by the Democratic clubs of Newark. Over ten thousand people are congregated in the streets.

Washington. 20th.

The following is the latest from Sheridan: Harper's Ferry. 20th. The body of Gen. Russell has arrived, and as soon as embalmed will be forwarded to New York. General McIntosh, with a leg amputated, has just come in, and is in good spirits. Several officers from the front, report the number of prisoners over 3,000, and the number of battle flags 15. All concur that it was a complete rout Our cavalry started in pursuit at day light this morning. Sheridan, when last heard from was at Rumstown. I forwarded this morning ample medical supplies and full subsistence for the entire army. Signed:

STEVENSON.

The President has appointed Sheridan a Brig General in the regular army, and assigned him to a prominent command in the middle military district. Grant has ordered the army under his command to fire a salute of 100 guns to-morrow, in honor of Sheridan's great victory.

A dispatch from Sherman, at Atlanta, says Everything continues well with us.

Reports to day show the draft proceeding quietly in all the States. In most districts vigorous efforts are continued to fill up the quota before the drafted men are mustered in.

Signed: STANTON.

St. Louis. Sept. 20th.

The flouring mill of A W. Fagin, on Seventh street, was burned last night; loss estimated at $150,000; insurance unknown

Army officers from below bring a report, derived from Herron's Adjutant, that Colonel Scott commanding the rebel troops near Baton Rouge, sent a proposition to Herron to surrender from 4 to 6 00 men, provided he would grant an unconditional pardon to the General officers in the command.

Leavenworth. Sept. 20th.

Advices from Fort Smith say that a train which left here on the 1st for Fort Smith, was captured by the rebels. the train consisted of 100 wagons laden with supplies, 600 mules and 40 artillery horses; also two sutlers' trains.

St. Louis. Sept. 20th.

A gentleman from Duvall's Bluffs, reports the arrival of Gen Mower at Little Rock with the 16th corps. With this accession, the force of Steele's will be able to take the offensive. Nothing is known of the whereabouts of Price and 30 or 40 of the 3d regular cavalry captured 15 miles from Little Rock on the 6th.

RUSH VALLEY SMELTING FURNACE.—We learn that arrangements have been made for a constant supply of rock, so that this furnace will, from and after Monday next, run regularly. It is calculated that the furnace can really smelt out two tons per day

We hope and believe that the public spirit evinced by the gentlemen who have so liberally contributed their means to the erection of this furnace, for the purpose of practically proving the value of the mines in that section, may reap a rich reward for their well-meant efforts.

OUR CHANGED LOCATION.—The confusion and hurry inseparable from a removal of our office and material to another and more commodious building will materially interfere with the amount of matter and current news which we would fain present our readers in every issue of the VEDETTE. They will bear in mind, however, that such removals are not of frequent occurrence—that we shall soon be settled in our new location and that thenceforward we shall not fail to present them with abundant matter.

☞ In consequence of the occupation of the Theatre THIS EVENING by the Minstrels, the Dishaway Society will hold their meeting for THIS WEEK, to-morrow (Friday) evening immediately after Retreat.

OCEAN STEAM ROUTE RUMORS.—Our Commercial Correspondent at New York writes us as follows by the steamer mail which arrives this morning:

"It is rumored in the city that the Pacific Mail Steamship Company have renewed their contract with Mr. Vanderbilt for *ten years*, and that the Company's new steamers are intended for the China trade. Parties, however, who ought to know, profess to have heard nothing of the matter. Should, however, the rumor touching the renewal of the contract with Vanderbilt prove to be true, the disappointment of all parties having relations with California will be very bitter—more so from the fact that they have latterly been congratulating themselves on the near prospect of being rid forever of the grouty Old Man of the Sea. Why the Pacific Company should have consented to a renewal—assuming that they have done so—of this infliction upon the passenger traffic of California, after having for so long a time held out the prospect of relief, is a mystery hard to be solved. It is now said that the Company's new steamers are intended for the China trade. Their new propellers, which were launched last fall, are nearly ready for sea, but in what direction they are going is not publicly known. Vanderbilt, himself, has also gone into the New Orleans trade—his first vessel, the *Ariel*, being announced to sail on the 17th."

We are assured through the local agents of the Company that there is no ground for the scare, that the contract is not and has not been renewed; that the Company in good faith is determined to run steamers of its own on the Atlantic, and furnish as good accommodations there as they have been in the habit of furnishing on the Pacific side. With the subsidence of the Opposition into a friendly competition between an expeditious route and one that affords to the traveler a longer experience of tropical scenery, we shall of course be compelled to pay roundly for the luxury of traveling to and from New York, but it is pretty well settled that we are not to be gouged by Vanderbilt and that for our money we may travel with safety and comfort.—*S. F. Bulletin*, Sept. 7th.

FIRE IN CAMP WELD.—A fire was seen raging in the Quartermaster's store, Camp Weld, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, which is believed to have been the work of an incendiary. Despite the immediate efforts of the folks in Camp, the store and its contents (several thousand dollars worth) were entirely consumed, together with a small building and ice house adjoining.—*Denver News*. Sept. 9th.

Rates of Gold.

COIN—190, DUST—Virginia $30 32, Boise $23 25.

AUCTION SALE.

ON THURSDAY, the 22nd inst., will be offered for sale the following articles at GERLACK'S TAILOR SHOP, Camp Douglas:

Picks and axe helves.
Miners' Picks.
Sixty-five pounds of Quicksilver.
Hammers, Chopping Axe and Broad Axe.
Lamp, Pipes and Wicking.
Clothes Lines and Coal Oil.
Medicines, Stationary and Sundries.
Mining Boots and Shoes.
Two Sand Guns and one Rifle.
Crates of different qualities.
One box of Yankee Notions.
One dozen Suspenders.
Collar and Sleeve Studs.
Collars and Undersleeves (Ladies').
Sheet Iron, Reporter and Pipe.
Vests, Linen Collars and Paper Collars.
Buckskin Gloves, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs.
Neck Ties, Shirts, Rubber Coats and Cards.
Shoe Tacks and Looking Glasses.
Writing Paper and Gold Scales. sep20 2*

Notice.

AT a Meeting of the Miners of West Mountain Mining District, held pursuant to a call on the 18th day of September, 1864 at the Jordan Bridge for the purpose of electing a Recorder for the said District Mr. Thomas Burns was called to the chair and Oscar Mayer was chosen as Secretary. The Chairman after stating the object of the meeting, then declared nominations in order, whereupon G. W. Chamberlain nominated Robert L. Lane, there being no other nominee, the ayes and noes taken, every vote being in the affirmative said Robert L. Lane was declared unanimously elected as Recorder for the West Mountain Mining District for the term of one year from date.

On motion the meeting adjourned SINE DIE.

OSCAR MAYER, Secretary. THOMAS BURNS, Pres't.
s20 2

T. D. BROWN & SON,
Provision Store,
EXPRESS AND EXCHANGE OFFICE.

East Temple Street, Salt Lake City.

J. M. SIMMONS,
Assistant Assessor Internal Revenue, First Division District of Utah.

Residence: Two doors east of Theatre, opposite City Hall, Salt Lake City. s20-1

PHŒNIX SALOON,
First South Temple Street, Salt Lake City.
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
Constantly on hand.

s20:f RILEY & SHEPPARD, Prop'rs.

UNITED STATES SALOON,
Cor. Main, and Second South Temple Sts.

THE Best and Purest Brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always kept at this House. Also: a fine sitting room for the accommodation of customers.

s19.f W. L. SHOLES, Proprietor.

UNION SALOON,
Groesbeck's Building, Third door from East Temple St
—BY—
MOORE & EWING.

19 BEST OF WINES LIQUORS AND CIGARS. tf

IOWA HOUSE,
MAIN STREET,
BOISE CITY, IDAHO TER'Y,
Formerly known as the Planter's House.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the traveling public that they have purchased this new and commodious House and stabling, and are now enlarging and improving, hoping to make it equal to any in the city.

Hay and Grain fed at our stables; also, Stock ranched on reasonable terms. Give us a trial

☞ The Overland Stages arrive and depart from this House. s917 1mp P. SMITH & CO.

MANSION HOUSE,
Cor. Emigration St. & State Road,
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

This is the most pleasant and best arranged Hotel in Salt Lake City. It is conveniently situated to all the places of business and amusement, and for the accommodation of families or single persons it is unsurpassed. The tables will at all times be supplied with the best the market affords.

Prices to suit the times.

fe23tf DON C. TUPPS.

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

FREIGHT TO IDAHO CITY!

Freight to Bannack City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any amount of Transportation for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by Mule or Ox Teams,

TO THE ABOVE, OR OTHER POINTS,

WITH SAFETY AND DISPATCH,

And upon

Reasonable Terms.

☞ Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 21, 1864. sep3-tf

MULES.

I have Fifty Head of

LARGE, YOUNG, AND WELL BROKE

AMERICAN MULES,

Which I will exchange for

WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS, FLOUR OR HAY.

☞ Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 24, 1864. sep3-tf

CHANGE OF TIME.

A. J. OLIVER. | E. A. CONOVER. | ED. ROCHE.

A. J. OLIVER & CO'S.

EXPRESS LINE.

Will leave Great Salt Lake City, Utah, for Virginia City, Montana, every Tuesday and Saturday after the 19th inst., over the new Cut-off. Nearest route by

70 Miles—Time—4 Days!

And actually ahead of any other line, 24 to 48 hours.

Passengers allowed twenty-five pounds of Baggage in TREASURE, or anything they choose to carry.

Treasure shipped on the most reasonable terms, and by trustworthy messengers well known to the community at large.

STAGES FOR EAST BANNACK.

Leave Virginia City on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Sundays.

Time—Nine Hours.

T. D. BROWN,
Salt Lake City, Sept. 17 '64-tf Agent.

Special Notice!

TILL FURTHER NOTICE THE

OVERLAND STAGE LINE COACH

WILL LEAVE THIS CITY FOR

DENVER, COLORADO TERRITORY,

—ON—

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays,

at 4 o'clock, a. m.

W. L. HALSEY, Agent.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 6th, 1864. sep8-tf

VEDETTE G. & S. M. COMPANY.

West Mountain Mining District, U. T., September 18th 1864.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the second day of September, A. D 1864; so much of the stock standing in the names of the following shareholders, as will be necessary to pay all delinquent assessments levied thereon; together with the expenses of advertising and sale, unless previously paid. Will be sold at Auction at the Secretary's office in Salt Lake City on Monday the Third day of October next, at two o'clock P. M.

NAMES.	SHARES.	AM'T.
C B Waite	200	$100 00
Dan'l McLean	200	110 00
N B Eldred	200	110 00
W H Jhu	200	110 00
Mrs D McLean	200	110 00
A L Bailey	200	110 00
Mrs G B Ogilvie	200	110 00
Mrs C B Waite	175	100 00
—— Titus	25	12 50
—— Williamson	25	12 50
Barlow Street	25	10 00
Albert Sinclair	200	80 00
Arthur Heitz	175	75 00
Josiah Hosmer	100	40 00
Dan'l Sullivan	150	60 00
—— Appleby	25	10 00
Francis Honeyman	50	20 00
Adam Craft	150	30 00
H O'Donnell	200	40 00
Amy Frances	25	5 00
Absalom Hurlick	25	5 00
J C Furguson	100	20 00

H. O PRATT Secretary.

T. D. HELLER. S. P. SNYDER.

HELLER & SNYDER,
Auction and Commission Merchants,
Cor. East, and Second South Temple Sts.

WILL sell at public and private sale, Horses, Wagons, Merchandise, etc., etc. Warehouse for Storage.

Wanted: Produce of all kinds. s7tf

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
CORNER MAIN AND WALL STS.,
IDAHO CITY.
T. GATES, Proprietor.

THIS House, under the supervision of the present proprietor, has been commodiously fitted up with Lodging Rooms for single persons and families.

The Ice Cream Saloon on the first floor has been changed into an Oyster Saloon, and the former patrons and traveling public are hereby welcome to our tables. sep17 3mp

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PLANTERS' HOUSE,
CORNER OF IDAHO & JACKSON STS.,
Virginia City, Montana Ter'y.
JOHN H. SHOOT, ... Proprietor,
(Successor to Wm. Sloan)

This House is now open for the accommodation of the public, with good rooms, and table supplied with the best the market affords. sep3-3m

---

GOODRICH HOUSE,
Bannack City . . . . . Montana Territory.

THIS HOUSE is now open for the accommodation of the Public, with

Good Beds, and Tables

That will always be furnished with the best the market affords.

Good Corral and Stabling on the premises.

my14m6 W. G. GOODRICH.

DISHEARTENED.—A large portion of the immigrants with whom we have conversed, says the Reese River *Reveille*, are almost entirely worn out and disheartened, on account of the general stagnation of business on this coast, and the unfavorable and gloomy accounts they receive from California. Their golden visions have all vanished, and none of them scarcely have the remotest idea what they will do here or elsewhere. We verily believe that were nine-tenths of the persons who have crossed the plains this season, back to their comfortable homes, which kind nearly all left, that nothing on this earth could induce them to make such a trip again. But, notwithstanding all the suffering and hardships they have endured, there are hundreds and thousands that will follow their footsteps next season, and will continue to do so until the iron horse takes the place of wagons and puts us within a few days ride of the East, and then the journey will be considered but a pleasure excursion.

DEMOCRATS OPPOSED TO ALLOWING SOLDIERS TO VOTE.—Speaking of the amendment of the State Constitution allowing soldiers to vote, the Philadelphia *Bulletin* says:

"The Fourth and Seventeenth Wards of the city, the strongest Democratic localities in Philadelphia, gave majorities against the amendment, while all the other wards voted in their favor in almost exact ratio with the Union strength of the wards. Berks county, the great Democratic stronghold, gave an adverse majority of fifteen hundred."

That is the way the Copperheads manifest their kind consideration for "the Soldiers of the Republic." It is according to the intent and spirit, but contrary to the letter, of the Chicago platform.—*Sac. Bee.*

END OF A DARK CHAPTER IN AMERICAN HISTORY.—President Lincoln has given his signature to the Act, passed by Congress just before its adjournment, for the repeal of all laws and parts of laws providing for the rendition of fugitive slaves. He also approved the civil appropriation bill, one section of which repeals the law regulating the coastwise slave trade. The Government of the United States now, for the first time, stands cleared of any responsibility for the existence of human slavery. Curiously enough, there has not been a single copperhead howl over this immense accomplishment. They feel that there is no use defying fate or carping at the inevitable.—*Sac. Union.*

GALEN AND WALCOT.—Dr. Walcot, better known as Peter Pindar, had for some time a most violent cough, when Galen, persisted in recommending asses' milk as a certain cure. The bard, tired of his importunities, at length quieted him by sending him the following epigram:

"Dear Doctor do you really think
That asses' milk I ought to drink?
'Twould quite remove my cough, you say
And drive my old complaint away.
It cured yourself, I grant it true,
But then 'twas mother's milk to you."

☞ An exchange says, that Empress Eugenie "upon a recent occasion appeared in public with skirts shortened sufficiently to display the handsome, richly ornamented *garter* worn by her." A modest bachelor says that the printer has evidently made a mistake; the gaiters—not garters—is the height of this new fashion.

☞ "John, how I wish it was as much the fashion to trade wives as to trade horses."

"Why so, Dick?"

"I'd cheat somebody most shockingly before night."

FIRST TRAIN FROM THE EAST!!

Asst. Gilbert, Wm. Gilbert, Salt Lake City. } { Chas P. Gilbert. Bannack City Idaho Ter.

GILBERT & SONS,

(Late "Abel Gilbert," next door to Salt Lake House) are now receiving the most

MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

GENERAL ASSORTED MERCHANDISE,

Ever offered in the Territory, consisting of

SILKS, FRENCH LAWNS, CALICOES,

CHAMBRAY, COTTON, WOOLEN & MIXED FABRICS, FLANNELS,

AND OTHER STAPLES,

Selected to suit this market.

ALSO: A LARGE AND

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

Groceries, Hardware,

Boots and Shoes,

Hats and Caps,

And the finest assortment of late style

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Ever offered for sale here.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

iv&tf GILBERT & SONS.

RANSOHOFF & CO.,

New Goods! New Goods!!

FINE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING GOODS,

CONSISTING IN

French Lawns, Chambrays, Calicoes,

etc., . . etc., . . etc.,

In Fact Everything in the Ladies' Line.

Also a Fine Stock of

Boots, Shoes, Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

—o—

The Highest Price Paid for Gold Dust and Coin.

Aug-tf

DAILY UNION VEDETTE

Book, Card, and Job

PRINTING

OFFICE.

We are now prepared to execute all kinds of

PLAIN, FANCY AND ORNAMENTAL

PRINTING

SUCH AS

HAND BILLS, BALL TICKETS,

BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS

CHECKS, MINING CERTIFICATES,

DRAFTS, PROGRAMMES

CIRCULARS, WAY-BILLS,

VISITING, WEDDING, AND BUSINESS

CARDS, ETC., ETC.

And can successfully compete in price, style, and promptness with any establishment west of the Rocky, or east of the Sierra Nevada mountains, and we guarantee satisfaction with every order.

☞ Specimens of work can be seen at the office of the "Daily Union Vedette," Camp Douglas, U. T.

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC STATES.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

Overland Mail Company

To and from Atchison, Kansas, and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchison leave every day at nine A. M

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE AND ATCHISON,

In charge of the most Competent and Trustworthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Idaho, via. Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, via. Boise City, West Bannack.

Time to Denver, ... Six days.
Time to Atchison, ... Twelve days

iv&tf W. L. HALSEY, Agent.

OVERLAND MAIL CO.

TO VIRGINIA, NEVADA TERRITORY, IN 5 DAYS.

THE OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY, carrying the United States Mail from Salt Lake City to Virginia, Nevada Territory, forms in connection with the Overland Stage Line, East, and the Pioneer Stage Company, West, the

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

ATCHISON, KANSAS, AND PLACERVILLE, CAL.,

and a perfect line of communication between

THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this Line are NEAT AND COMMODIOUS, and special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

SALT LAKE CITY TO VIRGINIA,

is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville, Sacramento and San Francisco, making the

Through Trip Inside of Seven Days.

COACHES LEAVE

SALT LAKE CITY, DAILY, AT 8, A. M ARRIVE FROM THE WEST EVERY MORNING IN TIME TO CONNECT WITH THE OVERLAND STAGE FOR THE EAST.

OFFICE.—First South Temple street, adjoining Jennings's new Store.

H. S. RUSSELL, Agent.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, July 1st, 1864. iy1tf